230V-50HZ

**ELECTRICAL NETWORK** 

**Double function** 

**Network injection** 

230V-AC

**ROOM** 

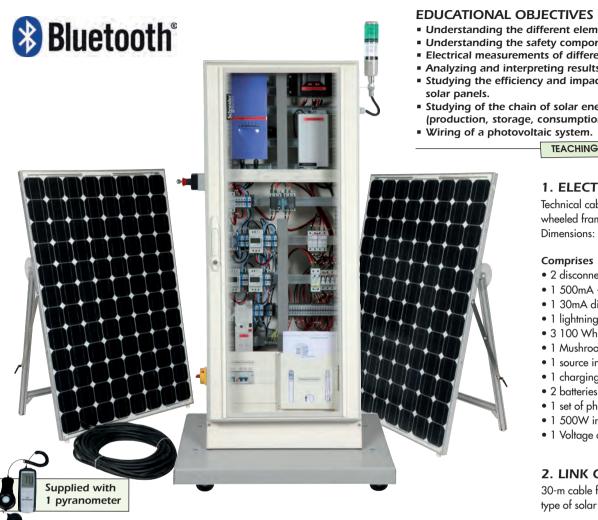
HABITAT 1

AC

DC

and isolated site

# SOLAR CENTRAL UNIT WITH NETWORK INJECTION AND ISOLATED SITE



- Understanding the different elements of a photovoltaic system.
- Understanding the safety components involved in the system.
- Electrical measurements of different parameters.
- Analyzing and interpreting results.
- Studying the efficiency and impacts related to the positioning of the
- Studying of the chain of solar energy
- (production, storage, consumption, resale, energetic behavior).
- Wiring of a photovoltaic system.

## TEACHING RESOURCES STUDENT & TEACHER

#### 1. ELECTRICAL CABINET

Technical cabinet of standardized solar central unit on

Dimensions: 810 x 600 x 1890mm

- 2 disconnectors
- 1 500mA -30A differential
- 1 30mA differential
- 1 Mushroom head emergency stop

#### 2. LINK CABLE

30-m cable for connecting the solar panels to any type of solar system.

# ref. SOL-1 Electrical cabinet + 2 Photovoltaic panels + 1 link cable

#### ref. SOL-1-N Electrical cabinet only

Sold without panel. Use your own panels with characteristics comprise between 35 and 150VDC.

#### PARTIAL OR TOTAL RESALE OPERATION

In the cabinet a DC/AC inverter converts the DC from the photovoltaic panels to AC 220VAC 50Hz, and injects its power in synchronism into the electrical grid. This inverter is protected against any polarity reversal and any overload on the DC or AC side. When the panels are not lit, the inverter consumes no current.

#### Technical characteristic for the inverter coupled to the electrical grid.

INVERTER	Voltage	Max current	Power
INPUT	65~125VDC	8A	
OUTPUT	230VAC-50Hz	2,25A	500W

#### **OPERATION IN ISOLATED SITE WITH NO RESALE**

The photovoltaic current charges two 12V sealed batteries cabled in series through a charge controller. This DC voltage is either available on safety terminals at the rear of the cabinet or converted to 250VAC 50Hz by a 300VA voltage converter.

### Technical characteristics of converter for isolated site

VOLTAGE CONVERTER	Voltage	Max Current	Power
INPUT	20~32 VDC	11A	
OUTPUT	230VAC 50Hz	1,5A	300VA

wheeled frame.

#### Comprises

- 1 liahtning arrester + fuses
- 3 100 Wh resolution meters
- 1 source inverter
- 1 charging controller 12/24VDC-20A
- 2 batteries 12V-12Ah
- 1 set of photovoltaic connectors
- 1 500W inverter for network synchronisation
- 1 Voltage converter 24VDC/230VAC-200W

## 3. PHOTOVOLTAIC SOLAR PANEL 215WC ON TILTING FRAME (FOR EACH PANEL)

- Open circuit voltage: 46V DC
- Short-circuit current: 6.3A
- Optimum operating voltage: 37V DC
- Optimum operating current: 5.7A
- Maximum power: 215Wc (variation of ± 10% depending on the series)
- Sealed connections IP65 1000V on the rear of the panel.
- Type of cells: Monocrystalline silicon
- Robust aluminium frame.
- Useful surface area of the cells 1.5m<sup>2</sup>
- Output 37VDC 5.2A 215Wc per panel on 2 photovoltaic terminals.
- Device for measuring the tilt angle
- Tilt adjustable from 5° to 70°
- Two ball joints with clamping levers for positioning the panel to the required tilt angle.
- Light and easy to move. Folded position: 1600 x 800 x 100mm (± 10% depending on the series)

# **Bluetooth**

Requires download in Play Store or Apple Store the free application "Victron Energy"

Display on tablet or Smartphone:

- Voltage Current of the panel / Power (W)
- Voltage Current of the battery / Charge current
- On-Off state charge





USING SOLAR ENERGY WITH PUBLIC NETWORK INJECTION AND ISOLATED SITE

**CHOOSE SOL-1 + HABITAT-1** 

RECOMMENDED OPTION FOR INDOOR OPERATION

**ARTIFICIAL SOLAR SOURCE QTE 2.** 

**GARAGE** 

SOL1

P-F1-



info@langlois-france.com **C**€ PRODUCTS

# SOLAR CENTRAL UNIT WITH NETWORK INJECTION





#### **EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES**

- Understanding the different elements of a photovoltaic system.
- Understanding the safety components involved in the system.
- Electrical measurements of different parameters.
- Analyzing and interpreting results.
- Studying the efficiency and impacts related to the positioning of the solar panels.
- Studying of the chain of solar energy (production, storage, consumption, resale, energetic behavior).
- Wiring of a photovoltaic system.

TEACHING RESOURCES STUDENT & TEACHER

#### 1. ELECTRICAL CABINET

Technical cabinet of standardized solar central unit on

Dimensions: 810 x 600 x 1890mm

#### Comprises

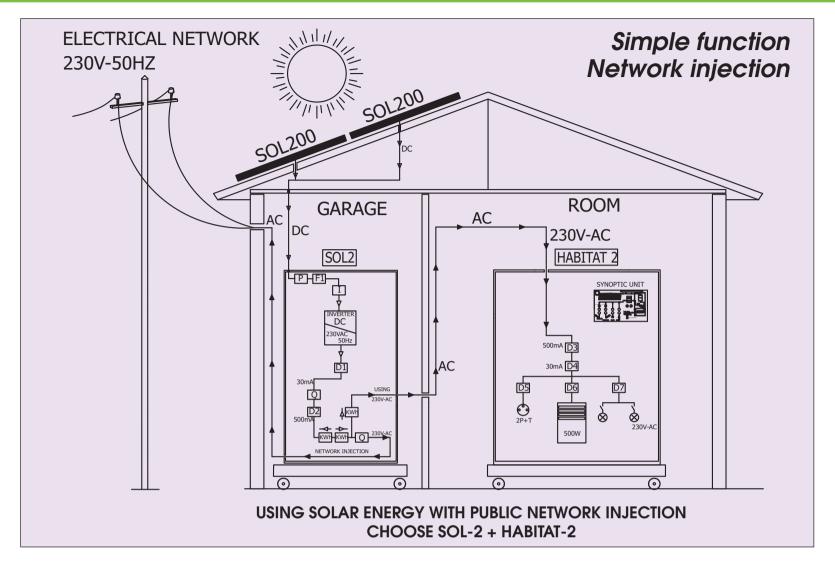
- 2 disconnectors
- 1 500mA -30A differential
- 1 30mA differential
- 1 lightning arrester + fuses
- 1 Mushroom head emergency stop
- 3 100 Wh resolution meters
- 1 set of photovoltaic connectors
- 1 500W inverter for network synchronisation

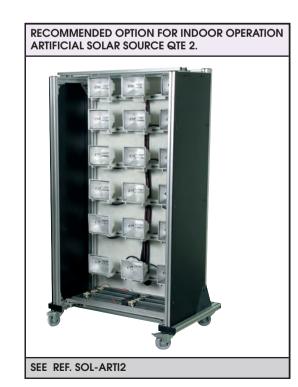
### 2. LINK CABLE

30-m cable for connecting the solar panels to any type of solar system.

## 3. PHOTOVOLTAIC SOLAR PANEL 215WC ON TILTING FRAME (FOR EACH PANEL)

- Open circuit voltage: 46V DC
- Short-circuit current: 6.3A
- Optimum operating voltage: 37V DC
- Optimum operating current: 5.7A
- Maximum power: 215Wc
- (variation of  $\pm$  10% depending on the series)
- Sealed connections IP65 1000V on the rear of the panel.
- Type of cells: Monocrystalline silicon
- Robust aluminium frame.
- Useful surface area of the cells 1.5m<sup>2</sup>.
- Output 37VDC 5.2A 215Wc per panel on 2 photovoltaic terminals
- Device for measuring the tilt angle
- Tilt adjustable from 5° to 70°
- Two ball joints with clamping levers for positioning the panel to the required tilt angle.
- Light and easy to move. Folded position: 1600 x 800 x 100mm (± 10% depending on the series)







RECOMMENDED OPTION LOADING PANEL

# ref. SOL-2 Electrical cabinet + 2 Photovoltaic panels + 1 link cable

# ref. SOL-2-N Electrical cabinet only

Sold without panel. Use your own panels with characteristics comprise between 35 and 150VDC.

#### PARTIAL OR TOTAL RESALE OPERATION

In the cabinet a DC/AC inverter converts the DC from the photovoltaic panels to AC 220VAC 50Hz, and injects its power in synchronism into the electrical grid. This inverter is protected against any polarity reversal and any overload on the DC or AC side. When the panels are not lit, the inverter consumes no current.

#### Technical characteristic for the inverter coupled to the electrical grid.

INVERTER	Voltage	Max current	Power
INPUT	65~125VDC	8A	
OUTPUT	230VAC-50Hz	2,25A	500W

2 YEARS GUARANTEE info@langlois-france.com **C€** PRODUCTS 2 YEARS GUARANTEE info@langlois-france.com **C**€ PRODUCTS

# SOLAR CENTRAL UNIT FOR ISOLATED SITE



#### 1. ELECTRICAL CABINET

Technical cabinet of standardized solar central unit on wheeled frame.

Dimensions: 810 x 600 x 1890mm

#### Comprises

- 2 disconnectors
- 1 lightning arrester + fuses
- 1 Mushroom head emergency stop
- 1 charging controller 12/24VDC-20A
- 2 batteries 12V-12Ah
- 1 set of photovoltaic connectors
- 1 Voltage converter 24VDC/230VAC-200W

#### 2. LINK CABLE

30-m cable for connecting the solar panels to any type of solar system.

## 3. PHOTOVOLTAIC SOLAR PANEL 215WC ON TILTING FRAME (FOR EACH PANEL)

- Open circuit voltage: 46V DC
- Short-circuit current: 6.3A
- Optimum operating voltage: 37V DC
- Optimum operating current: 5.7A
- Maximum power: 215Wc

(variation of ± 10% depending on the series)
• Sealed connections IP65 – 1000V

- on the rear of the panel.
- Type of cells: Monocrystalline silicon
- Robust aluminium frame.
- Useful surface area of the cells 1.5m<sup>2</sup>.
- Output 37VDC 5.2A 215Wc per panel on 2 photovoltaic terminals.
- Device for measuring the tilt angle
- Tilt adjustable from 5° to 70°
- Two ball joints with clamping levers for positioning the panel to the required tilt angle.
- Light and easy to move.
   Folded position: 1600 x 800 x 100mm (± 10% depending on the series)



#### ref. SOL-3 Electrical cabinet + 2 Photovoltaic panels + 1 link cable

#### ref. SOL-3-N Electrical cabinet only

Sold without panel. Use your own panels with characteristics comprise between 18 and 150VDC.

#### **EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES**

- Understanding the different elements of a photovoltaic system.
- Understanding the safety components involved in the system.
- Electrical measurements of different parameters.
- Analyzing and interpreting results.
- Studying the efficiency and impacts related to the positioning of the solar panels.
- Studying of the chain of solar energy (production, storage, resale, energetic behavior).
- Wiring of a photovoltaic system.

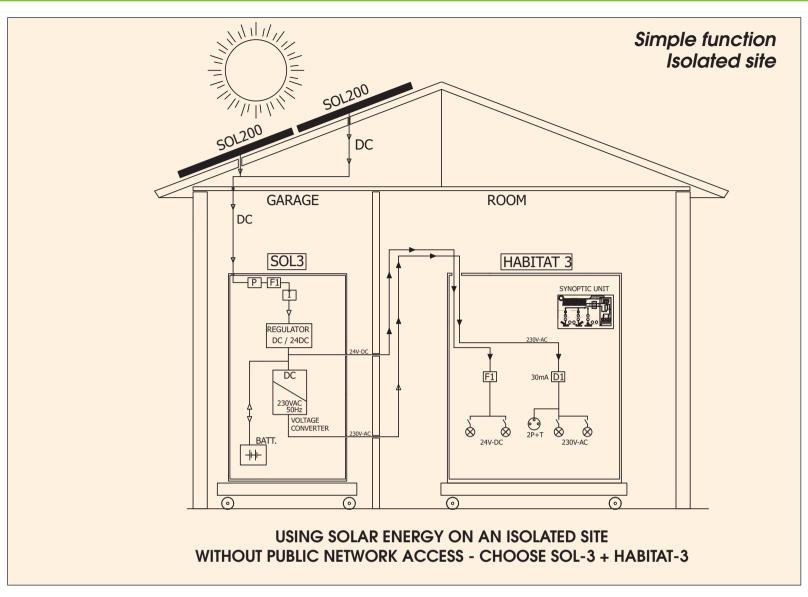
TEACHING RESOURCES STUDENT & TEACHER

#### **OPERATION IN ISOLATED SITE WITH NO RESALE**

The photovoltaic current charges two 12V sealed batteries cabled in series through a charging controller. This DC voltage is used directly by low energy consumption lamps 24VDC, and/or converted to 250VAC 50Hz by a 300VA voltage converter.

#### Technical characteristics of converter for isolated site

VOLTAGE CONVERTER	Voltage	Max current	Power	
INPUT	20~32 VDC	11A		
OUTPUT	230VAC 50Hz	1,5A	300VA	





Requires download in Play Store or Apple Store the free application "Victron Energy".

Display on tablet or Smartphone:

- Voltage Current of the panel / Power (W)
- Voltage Current of the battery / Charge current
- On-Off state charge







